

Climate change impacts on discharges of the Rhone River in Lyon

May 5th, 2015



The regime of the Rhone River is strongly instuenced by lake regulation and hydropower operation at the outlet of Lake Geneva. Since the construction of the dam, ftnalised in 1995, water level has been much more stable. The regime of the Rhone River downstream of Lake Geneva is depending on the regulation of the lake at the outlet and on discharge in the downstream tributaries.

According to climate change projections for the period 2070-2100, discharges in the Rhone basin are likely to decrease significantly by the end of the century relative to 1980-2010. Besides, seasonality of run-offlwill change substantially as well. At Lyon, projected reduction of mean annual sow is in the order of some 50% (both with and without a change in lake regulation at the outlet of Lake Geneva). These projections are based on a large number of global climate models and a low and high emissions scenario (RCP 2.6 and RCP 8.5). Climate change projections point to smaller discharge during low sows, but higher low sows in its

sub-basins. Regarding stoods, high stows exhibit a general tendency to decrease, whereas potential upwards can be observed for the more extreme, but less frequent stoods.

Source: Ruiz-Villanueva et al., 2015. Regional Environmental Change 15: 505-515.

Photo: Ana Rey (www.stckr.com)